

Laboratory Safety Fact Sheet: Lecture Bottle

The fact sheet below gives hazard information and precautions for the use of lecture bottles in laboratory settings.

Lecture Bottle

Lecture bottles are small, compressed gas cylinders (typically 12-18 inches long, 1-3 inches in diameter). They can contain various compressed gases: toxic, corrosive, flammable, reactive, or inert gases.

Hazards

High Pressure	Contents under high pressure – risk of sudden release or rupture
Toxic & Corrosive Hazards	May contain poisonous, corrosive, or reactive gases that cause injury or death if released
Fire & Explosion	Flammable gases can ignite easily; oxidizers intensify fires
Physical Injury	Cylinders can become projectiles if valves are broken

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

- Safety glasses or goggles
- Lab coat
- Chemical-resistant gloves (appropriate for gas type)
- Closed-toed shoes

Safe Handling Procedures

Training Required: Only trained personnel may handle lecture bottles. Ensure you have received specific training on using lecture bottles.

Labeling: Never use an unlabeled lecture bottle.

Secure Storage:

- Store upright and secured with straps or racks. Lecture bottles stored on their side are more susceptible to damage, corrosion and leaks.
- Segregate incompatible gases (flammables, oxidizers, corrosives).

- Store poisonous gases in a fume hood or a ventilated gas cabinet.
- Regulators must be removed during storage.
- Keep in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas.

Valve Safety:

- Always use the correct regulator for the specific gas.
- Open valves slowly and never force.
- Never tamper with or remove valves.

Transport:

- Always use a hand cart; never carry it by hand.
- Cap valves when not in use.

Emergency Procedures

Leak Detected:

If you observe or suspect that hazardous or inert gas is leaking:

- Attempt to turn off the cylinder at the cylinder valve if it is safe to do so.
- If you are unable to turn off the gas or have any doubts, evacuate the area and contact EH&S emergency phone or GTPD immediately.
- Prevent others from entering the area of the suspected gas leak until responders arrive.

Exposure:

- Move to fresh air.
- Call EH&S emergency phone.
- Seek medical attention immediately.

Fire:

- Pull fire alarm, evacuate, and call GTPD.
- Do not attempt to fight lecture bottle fires.

Contact EHS:

For leaks, exposure, equipment failure, or questions:

EHS Emergency Number: 404-216-5237

Georgia Tech Police Department: 404-894-2500

Email: lab-chemsafety@gatech.edu

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